

# **Levee System Summary**

*Mississippi River East Bank Iberville, East Baton Rouge, Ascension, St. James, St. John the Baptist, and St. Charles Parishes, Louisiana* 

### **U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS**

### **BUILDING STRONG**®

#### July 2018

**Project Description:** The Mississippi River East Bank system is a federally authorized flood risk reduction system which spans along the east bank of the Mississippi River, beginning in Baton Rouge and continuing downriver to the Bonnet Carre Spillway near Montz, Louisiana. The approximately 106 mile earthen levee has an average height of 25 ft. Each levee segment is operated and maintained by a nonfederal project sponsor in partnership with the New Orleans District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Construction projects in the system span from initial federal construction in 1928 to present day.

The system provides flood risk reduction to the communities of Baton Rouge, Gonzales, Laplace, and others located on the east bank of the river in the parishes of Iberville, East Baton Rouge, Ascension, Livingston, St. James, St. John the Baptist, and St. Charles. The leveed area has an estimated population of 430,000 and total assets valued at \$62.8 billion.



**Risk Characterization:** The Mississippi River East Bank System is classified as a Moderate to High risk due to the high consequences associated with the system in combination with the likelihood of overtopping or breach. Risks are driven by the fact that, if overtopped or breached, both commercial and residential areas from Baton Rouge to Laplace, LA would be inundated to a depth of up to 3 feet. Bank stability was determined to be a moderate risk driver. Surveys identified locations where unstable bank could result in a bank failure and could potentially affect the stability of the levee at a low river stage. The levee has been tested multiple times, including loading near the top in 2011. Areas of concern in regard to seepage during 2011 were remediated in 2012 with installation of a seepage berm. The levee is noted in good condition with no other identified issues and is expected to perform well under future loads.

What is driving the risk?	What is being/ should be being done about it?
(Listed in order of priority)	(Risk Management)
Consequences: With a population of 430,000	The Louisiana Governor's Office for Homeland Security and
people and total assets valued at \$62.8 billion,	Emergency Preparedness (GOHSEP) has a comprehensive
the high potential consequences in the event of	evacuation plan, the unified shelter plan, which oversees all
a failure is a major risk driver for this system.	parishes in the state.
Bank/Levee Stability: Regular monitoring of the Mississippi River bank has identified locations of unstable bank where a bank failure could weaken the stability of the levee.	USACE monitors the banks annually and locations with known instabilities are scheduled for repair based upon funding.
Low areas which were sandbagged in 2011 High Water.	The USACE St. Gabriel project currently underway is raising the levee south of Baton Rouge, and Design is underway to raise the Baton Rouge Front Levee Phase IV.

**What Is Important to Know?** Residents within the leveed area should have a working knowledge of flood warning and evacuation procedures. Residents should be aware of evacuation routes to exit the levee system. Major highways exiting the system include I-10, I-12, I-55, Hwy 3213 across the Veterans Memorial Bridge, and Hwy 70 across the Sunshine Bridge. Residents should stay well informed through television, radio, and text messaging during periods of high water.

#### **PREPARE**

#### Prepare an emergency kit that includes: flashlights, radio, batteries, candles, matches, first-aid kit and a list and supply of all medications, blankets, water, food, etc.

- Keep important documents and valuable possessions on an upper level of the structure or as high as possible.
- □ Make a list of items to take with you and have a plan for your pets. Establish a family
- meeting place.
- □ Listen for emergency instructions from authorities.
- Prepare and practice your evacuation plan with your family.

## PREVENT

- Keep storm drains, gutters and ditches clear.
- Check with the Parish flood control district to see if a permit is required if you plan to build on, fill, alter or re-grade your property.
- Never excavate, modify, landscape, or build anything on any levee or flood control easement without permits from the appropriate Parish, state, and federal agencies.

#### PROTECT

- Never drive through flooded streets or roads: more people are trapped and die in their vehicles than anywhere else during floods.
- Never try to escape rising floodwater by going into the attic unless you have roof access or no other safe options.
- $\hfill\square$  Consider buying flood insurance.

Latest Inspection and Rating:	The most recent Routine Inspections for this system were performed in October of 2016. This inspection was conducted by a team comprised of members from USACE, Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority, and the levee sponsor. Inspections were performed for the levee system, which received a Minimally Acceptable rating. A rating of Minimally Acceptable signifies that one or more items were noted during the inspection that requires maintenance, however these items will not prevent the system from performing as intended during the next flood event.
Rehabilitation Program Eligibility Status:	The Mississippi River East Bank system is part of the Mississippi River and Tributaries (MR&T) project, federally authorized by the Flood Control Act 15 May 1928. Levee projects under the MR&T authorization are not included in the Rehabilitation Program. USACE has authority to perform major maintenance and major flood repairs for MR&T levee segments.
National Flood Insurance Program Status:	This levee system was accredited by FEMA using USACE letter dated 3/28/2006 certifying Mississippi River Levees. On 1/26/2018, USACE mentioned that there is an updated 2012 LSER for this levee system they are going to provide so FEMA can perform a completeness check with 44CFR65.10 requirements to complete accreditation process. FEMA is aware of the ongoing collaborative efforts by local governments and technical support by the Corps. This information is current as of July 20, 2018. Access NFIP flood hazard mapping products, including Flood Insurance Rate Maps, at the FEMA Flood Map Service Center website: <u>https://msc.fema.gov/</u>

**Ongoing Activities and Studies:** A levee enlargement project is currently under construction in Pontchartrain Levee District at St. Gabriel. Engineering design is currently underway for the Baton Rouge Front Phase IV project.

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS – NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT 7400 LEAKE AVE. NEW ORLEANS, LA 70118 http://www.mvn.usace.army.mil/ Who Can I Contact? Information concerning this levee system may be obtained by contacting the following:

Local Emergency Management Agency	Governor's Office of Homeland Security & Emergency Preparedness (GOHSEP)			
Levee Sponsors	Metropolitan Council of Baton Rouge, Pontchartrain Levee District, USACE, CPRA			
Community/Parish	Iberville, East Baton Rouge, Ascension, Livingston, St. James, St. John the Baptist, and St. Charles			
FEMA National Flood Insurance Program	For general questions about th (FMIX): 1-877-336-2627 (toll-fu For questions about FEMA flow FEMA Region 6 FRC 800 North Loop 288 Denton, TX 76209-3698 Main Number: 940-898-5399	ree), or email at: FEMAMapSp	ecialist@riskmapcds.com	
National Levee Database	https://levees.sec.usace.army.mil			

## FLOOD RISK ASSOCIATED WITH LEVEES CAN CHANGE Know your risk, know your role, and take action!