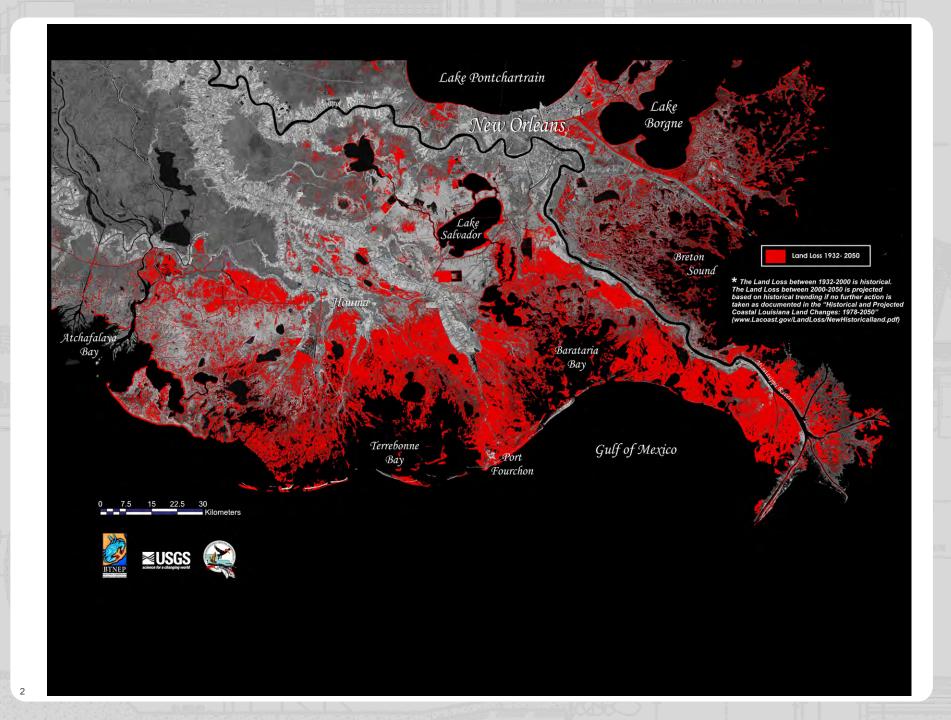
SESSION 32: IMPLEMENTATION OF LARGE-SCALE RIVER DIVERSIONS: STAKEHOLDERS' PERSPECTIVES

National Conference on Ecosystem Restoration

Moderator: Brad Inman US Army Corps of Engineers New Orleans District

August 29, 2018







SESSION PRESENTATIONS

- Implementation of Large-Scale River Diversions: An Applicant's Perspective - Bradley Barth (Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority)
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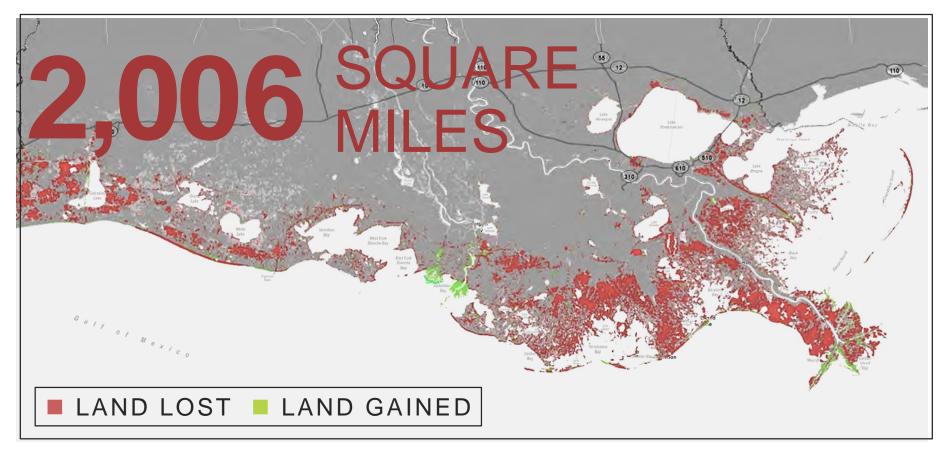
NCER CONFERENCE COASTAL PROTECTION AND RESTORATION UPDATE

BRAD BARTH



SEDIMENT DIVERSION PROGRAM

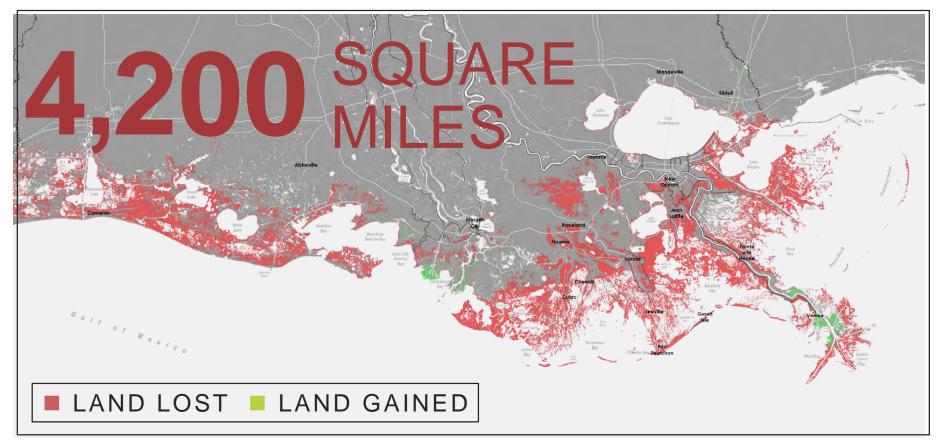
LOUISIANA'S LAND LOSS







WHAT WE STAND TO LOSE







RECONNECTING

THE RIVER

SEDIMENT WASTED

IENT STARVE

SEDIMENT WASTED

BOLD ACTION IS REQUIRED



SEDIMENT DIVERSIONS

• BUILD AND SUSTAIN LAND

 INCREASE NUTRIENTS AND SEDIMENT DEPOSITION TO SUSTAIN AND MAINTAIN WETLANDS

MINIMIZE DIVERTED WATER

MAXIMIZE DIVERTED SEDIMENT

SEDIMENT DIVERSION RENDERING





RECONNECTING

THE RIVER

MID-BRETON

MID-BARATARIA

PROJECT LOCATION

LOCATION

IRONTON, LOUISIANA

TASKS

- Funding E&D, Construction
- Permitting and Construction Approvals
- Environmental (EIS)
- Land Rights
- Engineering and Design
- Operations

DESIGN FLOW

30,000 to 75,000

PROJECT FEATURES

- Inlet, Conveyance Structure, Outlet
- Interior Drainage Pump Station
- Highway Modifications
- Rail Road Modifications

MID-BARATARIA SEDIMENT DIVERSION



PROJECT LOCATION

LOCATION

WILL'S POINT/ BERTRANDVILLE, LA

TASKS

- Funding E&D, Construction
- Permitting and Construction Approvals
- Environmental (EIS)
- Land Rights
- Engineering and Design
- Operations

FLOW

Est. 15,000 to 35,000

PROJECT FEATURES

- Inlet, Conveyance Structure, Outlet
- Interior Drainage Pump Station
- Highway Modifications

MID-BRETON SEDIMENT DIVERSION



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SECTION 214 AGREEMENT

- Contractual Agreement between the State of Louisiana and USACE
- Maybe executed prior to a permit application or 408 request
- Allows USACE to dedicate staff and resources to the applicant during the permitting and environmental review processes
- Large Scale Infrastructure Project (\$0.5 \$1B), contract value on the order of \$1M \$1.5M



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SECTION 10/404 AND 408

Section 10/404 Permit Application

- Plans, access routes, impact areas
- Purpose and need
- Est. direct impacts
- Wetlands Impacts (if available)
- Alternatives (State of Louisiana Coastal Use Permit)

Section 408 Initiation Request

- Description/plans
- Acknowledgement on the need for a Section 10/404
- Requesting In-kind credit
- Use of federally-owned real property
- Acknowledgement "No objection" from local Sponsors



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT (EIS)

16

EIS Third Party Contractor (TPC)

- Applicant contracts and funds

- Applicant selection / contracting policies/laws, TPC selection, contracting, and USACE policies/regulations must be known
- USACE directs and manages
- Agreement necessary between all three parties to define roles, responsibilities, communications, and documentation



LOUISIANA TRUSTEE IMPLEMENTATION GROUP (LATIG)

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Mid-Barataria Sediment Diversion

Natural Resource Damage Assessment (NRDA)

- LATIG (NOAA, USDA, DOI, USEPA, State of Louisiana)
- Strategic Restoration Plan (SRP) Phase I / Environmental Assessment
 - Mid-Barataria Sediment Diversion
- Strategic Restoration Plan Phase II
 - Oil Pollution Act (OPA)
 - Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)
 - In-progress



PERMITTING AND CONSTRUCTION

APPROVALS

NEPA COMPLIANCE

COASTAL USE (LDNR), NAVIGATION, AND WETLANDS

START EIS

- Section 10 (USACE Navigation)/404 (USACE Wetlands) and Coastal Use Permit (INDR CUP)
- Permit Public Notice and Comment
- Coastal Use Permit
- Coastal Use Permit Public Act
 Notice and Comment
- Coastal Use Permit Approval
- Section 10/404 Approval
- Project Implementation and Monitoring

NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT

- Solicitation of Views (2013)
- Notice of Intent for EIS
- Start EIS
- Public scoping meeting
- Draft EIS
- USACE (HQ/MVD) Approves
 Draft EIS for Release
- Public Comment on Draft EIS
- Final EIS
- Public Review on Final EIS
- Complete EIS (Record of Decision)

408 APPROVAL (USACE)

REQUEST TO ALTER A FEDERAL PROJECT OR PROJECT WITH FEDERAL INTEREST NO DIRECT PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

- 408 Request
- 60% Plans and Specifications Review
 - District PDT
 - Agency Technical Review (ATR)
 - IEPR-SAR Review
- USACE (HQ/MVD) Preliminary 408 Approval
- Record of Decision (408)
- 408 Approval
- 408 Construction Oversight

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EIS PROGRESS

2017 JAN 24

Mid-Barataria Sediment Diversion placed on Federal Permitting Dashboard (FAST-41)

2018 JAN 26

MOU ANNOUNCEMENT

"The State is committed to developing the Project in an environmentally sound manner and in compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws and ordinances."

2018 APR 2

USACE ANNOUNCEMENT

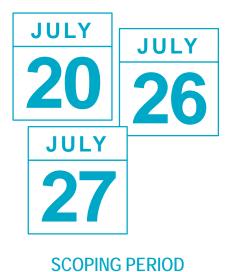
Anticipated permit decision date moved up from October 2022 to November 2020



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MID-BARATARIA SCOPING PROCESS

SCOPING MEETINGS



CLOSED SEPTEMBER 5, 2017



100 COMMENTS FROM OUTSIDE OF LOUISIANA

OVER



INDIVIDUAL (FORM) LETTERS



"AFFILIATIONS" WITHIN COMMENTS

www.coastal.la.gov

EIS PROGRESS

IMPACT ANALYSES

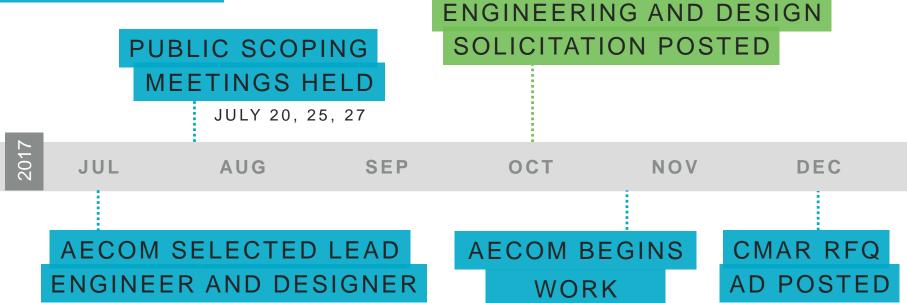
- Aesthetic and Visual Resources
- Air Quality
- Aquatic Resources
- Commercial Fisheries (industry impacts)
- Cultural Resources
- Environmental Justice (EJ)
- Essential Fish Habitat (EFH)
- Groundwater
- Land Use
- Marine Mammals
- Navigation (deep draft and tows)

- Noise
- Oil and gas resources
- Prime Farmland
- Public Safety (Flood Risk Reduction)
- Recreation (including fishing)
- Soils/Sediment (River and Basin)
- Socioeconomic (population, tax revenue, housing, etc.)
- Storm Surge/Flooding
- Threatened and Endangered Species (T&E)
- Water Quality (salinity/nutrients)
- Wetlands and Waters of the U.S.



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MID-BARATARIA MID-BRETON

22



CURRENT PROJECT ACTIVITY





23



THANK YOU



@LOUISIANACPRA



BRAD BARTH | BRAD.BARTH@LA.GOV

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SUMMARY

- Administration and Congress are serious about Regulatory Reform
- USACE must strive to meet the goals and intent of EO 13807 and FAST-41 of streamlining our processes to provide more efficient, effective, and timely decisions
 - Early and continual collaboration, coordination and alignment, in a more transparent environment, is critical
 - Be prepared to challenge laws, policies, and procedures
- USACE must initiate change from within, before others act on our behalf





FIXING AMERICA'S SURFACE TRANSPORTATION ACT TITLE 41 (FAST-41)

- Intended to increase timeliness, efficiency and transparency of Federal Agency permit reviews and authorizations
- ► Targets infrastructure projects, with an emphasis on transportation projects
- Establishes new procedures standardizing interagency consultation and coordination
- Establishes Federal Permitting Improvement Steering Council (FPISC)
- Establishes the position of Chief Environmental Review and Permitting Officer (CERPO) in each environmental agency
- Expands scope of projects for which reviews will be accelerated
- Codifies use of Permitting Dashboard to track review timelines





EXECUTIVE ORDER 13807

Establishes a 2-year goal for completing environmental reviews and decision making (Section 2.h)

- 2-year goal begins with Notice of Intent
- Requires active collaboration among Federal agencies and greater coordination efforts (4.a.i)
- Federal agency decisions in one Record of Decision (ROD) (5.b.ii)
 Also known as One Federal Decision (OFD)

 Dispute resolution between Federal agencies may be resolved by CEQ (5.e.ii)

Similar to FAST-41 dispute resolution, but with CEQ instead for NEPA matters





Lessons Learned

- Developed a blueprint for successful FAST-41/CPP implementation
- Utilize digital communication to streamline agency involvement (emails in lieu of letters)
- Early Vertical Team engagement is crucial to success

Key Challenges

- Guidance may or may not exist for all aspects of implementing FAST-41/EO 13807
- Managing applicant/sponsor expectations (FAST-41)
- 2-year EO 13807 EIS goal is aspirational in nature; complex projects may take longer

Path Forward

- Continue to work with staff at FPISC to realize efficiencies in regulatory process
- Be flexible and open in a rapidly changing system
- Strive to meet the goals and intent of both FAST-41 and EO 13807





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THIRD-PARTY CONTRACT EIS TEAM



U.S.ARMY

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A Trustee Perspective

Sources of DWH Oil Spill Funding

NRDA (Natural Resource Damage Assessment) Oil Pollution Act

RESTORE Act

(Resources and Ecosystems Sustainability, Tourist Opportunities, and Revived Economies) CWA Civil NFWF (National Fish & Wildlife Foundation) CWA Criminal

DWH NRD Settlement

- LA TIG will receive \$5 billion for the Deepwater Horizon (DWH) oil spill Natural Resource Damages (NRD)
- Settlement funds to be paid by BP on or before April 4 of each year, beginning in 2017 through 2031
- Pursuant to the Oil Pollution Act (OPA), the natural resource trustees must use these funds to restore environmental damages cause by the DWH oil spill

The LA Trustees













Restoration Funding in Dollars

Major Restoration Categories	Unknown Conditions	Regionwide	Open Ocean	Alabama	Florida	LOUISIANA	Mississippi	Texas	Total Restoration Funding*
1. Restore and Conserve Habitat									
Wetlands, Coastal, and Nearshore Habitats				65,000,000	5,000,000	4,009,062,700	55,500,000	100,000,000	4,234,562,700
Habitat Projects on Federally Managed Lands				3,000,000	17,500,000	50,000,000	5,000,000		75,500,000
Early Restoration (through Phase IV)				28,110,000	15,629,367	259,625,700	80,000,000		383,365,067
2. Restore Water Quality									
Nutrient Reduction (Nonpoint Source)				5,000,000	35,000,000	20,000,000	27,500,000	22,500,000	110,000,000
Water Quality (e.g., Stormwater Treatments, Hydrologic Restoration, Reduction of Sedimentation, etc.)					300,000,000				300,000,000
3. Replenish and Protect Living Coastal and Mari	ine Resources								
Fish and Water Column Invertebrates			380,000,000						380,000,000
Early Restoration Fish and Water Column Invertebrates			20,000,000						20,000,000
Sturgeon			15,000,000						15,000,000
Sea Turtles		60,000,000	55,000,000	5,500,000	20,000,000	10,000,000	5,000,000	7,500,000	163,000,000
Early Restoration Turtles		29,256,165						19,965,000	49,221,165
Submerged Aquatic Vegetation						22,000,000			22,000,000
Marine Mammals		19,000,000	55,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	50,000,000	10,000,000		144,000,000
Birds		70,400,000	70,000,000	30,000,000	40,000,000	148,500,000	25,000,000	20,000,000	403,900,000
Early Restoration Birds		1,823,100		145,000	2,835,000	71,937,300		20,603,770	97,344,170
Mesophotic and Deep Benthic Communities			273,300,000						273,300,000
Oysters		64,372,413		10,000,000	20,000,000	26,000,000	20,000,000	22,500,000	162,872,413
Early Restoration Oysters				3,329,000	5,370,596	14,874,300	13,600,000		37,173,896
4. Provide and Enhance Recreational Opportuniti	es								
Provide and Enhance Recreational Opportunities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			25,000,000	63,274,513	38,000,000	5,000,000		131,274,513
Early Restoration Recreational Opportunities	1		22,397,916	85,505,305	120,543,167	22,000,000	18,957,000	18,582,688	287,986,076
5. Monitoring, Adaptive Management, and Admin	istrative Overs	ight							
Monitoring and Adaptive Management		65,000,000	200,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	225,000,000	7,500,000	2,500,000	520,000,000
Administrative Oversight and Comprehensive Planning		40,000,000	150,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000	33,000,000	22,500,000	4,000,000	289,500,000
Adaptive Management NRD Payment for Unknown Conditions	700,000,000								700,000,000
Total NRD Funding	\$700,000,000	\$349,851,678	\$1,240,697,916	\$295,589,305	\$680,152,64	\$5,000,000,000	195,557,000	\$238,151,458	

* The total restoration funding allocation for the Early Restoration work; each restoration type; and monitoring, adaptive management, and administrative oversignes 40.1 billion (plus up to an additional \$700 million for adaptive management and unknown conditions).

Deepwater Horizon NRDA Louisiana Restoration Area

Restoration Plan #3:

Barataria Basin Strategic Restoration Plan for the Restoration of Wetlands *Coastal, and Nearshore Habitats*

Barataria Basin Strategic Restoration Plan

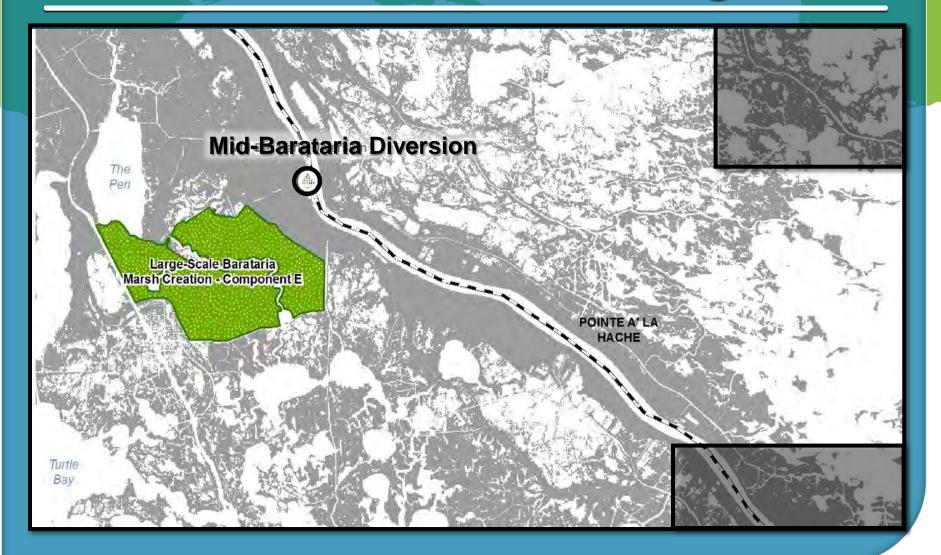
- Strategic Restoration Plan and Environmental Assessment
- For the Restoration of Wetlands, Coastal, and Nearshore Habitats in the Barataria Basin
- Focuses on addressing ecosystem-level injury in Barataria Basin and the Gulf of Mexico

Barataria Basin Strategic Restoration Plan

The Trustees' two decisions:

- 1. A preferred alternative that relies on a suite of restoration approaches/types, including large-scale sediment diversions to restore deltaic processes, marsh creation, and ridge restoration
- 2. Selected 3 projects for further evaluation and planning:
 Mid-Barataria Sediment Diversion
 Large Scale Marsh Creation: Component E
 Barataria Basin Ridge and Marsh Creation: Spanish Pass Increment

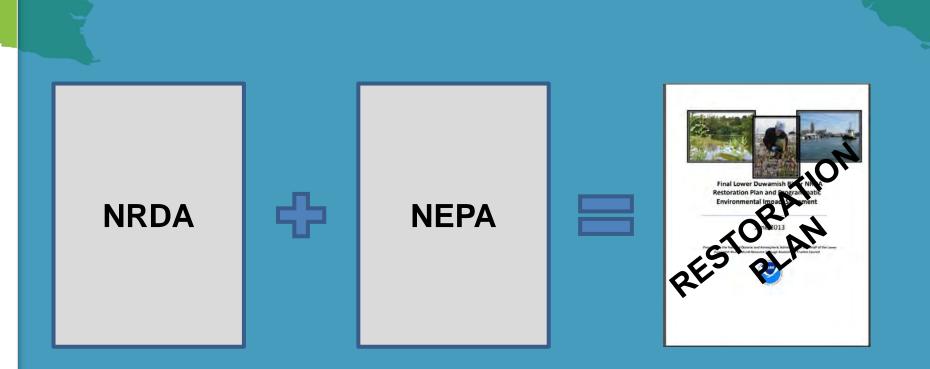
Projects for Further Restoration Planning



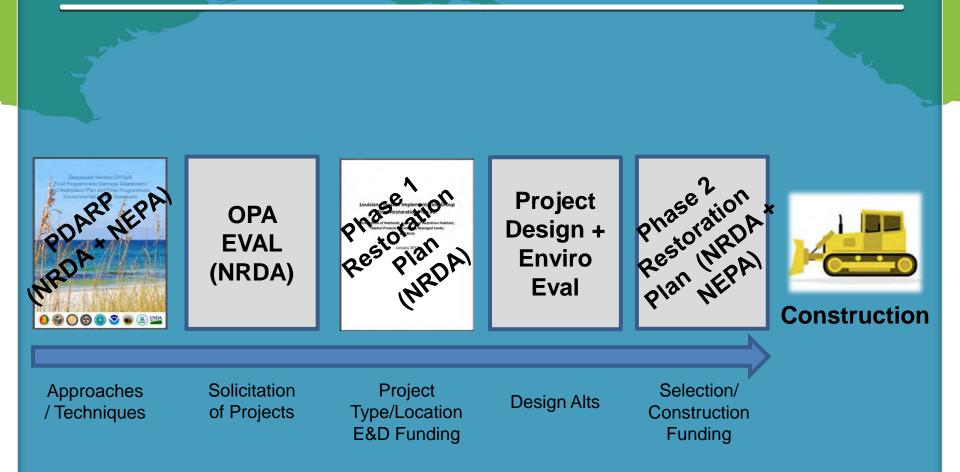


Considering the Mid-Barataria Sediment Diversion

Typical NRDA & NEPA Process



DWH Phased NRDA & NEPA Process



Future Restoration Plans

Restoration Plan 1 - Phase II Plan(s)

Evaluation of design alternatives for 6 projects in Restoration Plan 1 - Phase I

Restoration Plan 2 (Barataria Strategic Plan) – Phase II Plans

- Evaluation of design alternatives for Large-scale Barataria Marsh Creation - Component E
- **Evaluation of alternatives for the Mid-Barataria Sediment Diversion**
- Evaluation of Marsh and Ridge Projects for Outcome Base Performance Contracting
- Living Coastal & Marine Resources Restoration Plan(s)
 - Birds, Oysters, SAV, Marine Mammals, & Turtles

MBSD NRDA & NEPA Processes

